



Williamson Act Lot Line Adjustment and Subdivision

Land Conservation Act of 1965

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Williamson Act & CEQA Program

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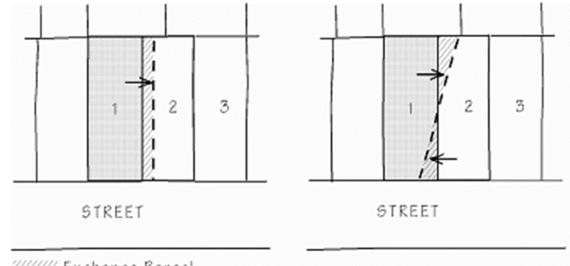
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What is a Lot Line Adjustment?



- Property boundary adjustments
- Four or fewer adjacent parcels
- Acreage transferred between parcels
- LLA can not result in greater amount of parcels



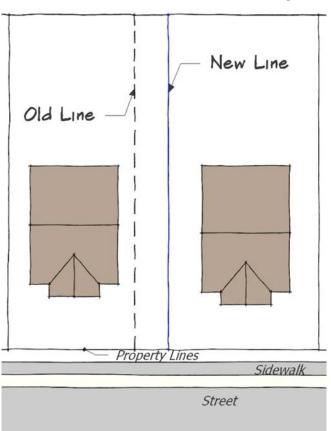
/////// Exchange Parcel

Lot 1 may assume a portion of Lot 2 through a Property Line Adjustment Review. Lot 1 may assume a portion of Lot 2 and Lot 2 may assume a portion of Lot 1 through one Property Line Adjustment Review.



Why use a Lot Line Adjustment?





- Elimination of existing encroachments
- Meeting building code setback requirements
- Meeting acreage requirements
- Estate planning
- Accommodating topographic features



Government Code Section 66412(d) "Lot Line Adjustment"



- Government Code (GC) § 66412(d)
- Four or fewer existing adjoining parcels
- Same or fewer parcels after adjustment
- Adjusted parcels must conform to GP,
 SP, CP, and zoning/building ordinances
- Adjustment shall be reflected in a recorded deed

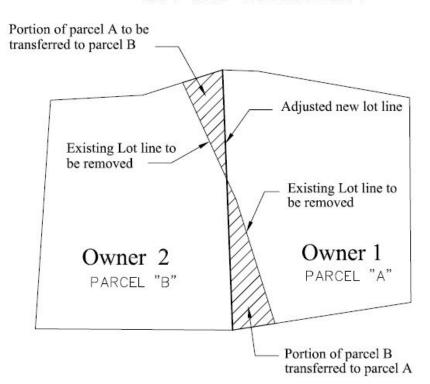




WA Lot Line Adjustment & Subdivision



LOT LINE ADJUSTMENT



- Does the project meet the requirements of a Lot Line Adjustment (LLA)? (GC § 66412(d))
 - If yes, (LLA) follow GC § 51257
 - If no, (Subdivision) follow GC § 66474.4



Government Code Section 51257 (Lot Line Adjustment)



- Seven findings required by GC section 51257
- 1. New contract/s would restrict the adjusted boundaries for no less than 10 years
- 2. No net decrease in contracted acreage
- 3. 90% of original contracted acreage remains under the new contract
- 4. Newly created parcels are large enough to sustain their agricultural use
- 5. LLA would not compromise agricultural productivity of parcel or neighboring parcels
- 6. LLA is not likely to result in the removal of adjacent land from agricultural use
- 7. LLA does not create a greater number of developable parcels than previously existed





LLA Example #1 (Simple)





- Two adjoining, contracted parcels under one contract
- No exterior boundary change
- Does not require rescind and reenter <u>GC § 51254</u> (new contract)



LLA Example #2



• Same number of parcels (4) but instead of two developable parcels there are now four developable parcels. This is not allowed as a LLA.

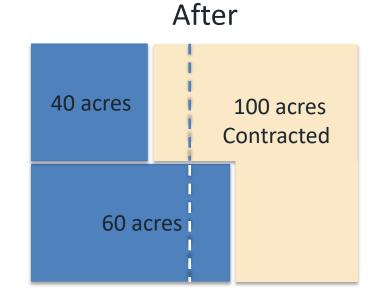




LLA Example #3





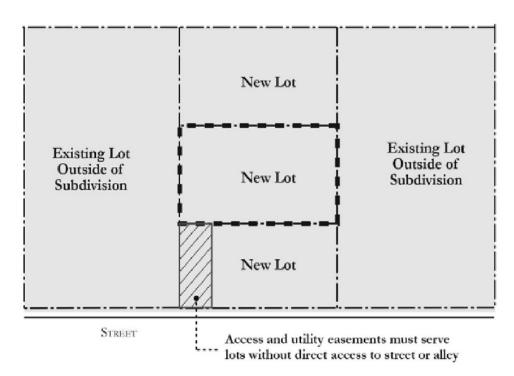


- 90% of original contracted acreage remains under contract
- Exterior boundary change = new contract required



Government Code Section 66474.4 "Subdivision"





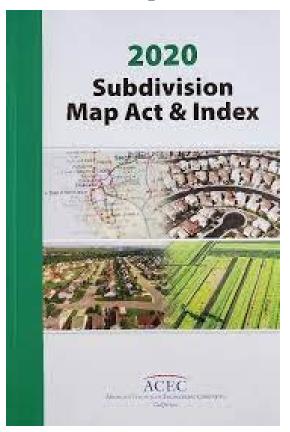
- Subdivision of WA contracted land denied if either:
 - land is too small GC § 51222
 - < ~10acres Prime or ~40acres Nonprime
 - or subdivision will result in residential development not incidental to commercial agricultural use of land







- Exception <u>GC § 66474.4(c)(1)</u> "Size"
- Exception GC § 66474.4(c)(2) "Homesite"
- Exception GC § 66474.4(e) "Annexation,
 Nonrenewal, & Tentative Cancellation"

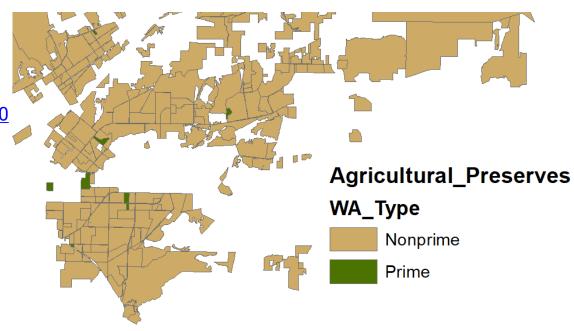




Government Code Section 51230 (Agricultural Preserves)



- Ag Preserve: area where city/county is willing to accept WA contracts GC § 51230
- Ag Preserve Minimum size: 100 acres
- Exceptions for smaller sizes
- WA contract minimum sizes: 10 acres
 Prime, 40 acres Nonprime GC § 51222
- Prime/Nonprime definitions: GC § 51201







THANK YOU

Questions?